# Annex 4 Onwards – supplementary material (optional but encouraged as evidence of project achievement)

This may include outputs of the project, but need not necessarily include all project documentation. For example, the abstract of a conference would be adequate, as would be a summary of a thesis rather than the full document. If we feel that reviewing the full document would be useful, we will contact you again to ask for it to be submitted.

### List of Annexes

Community benefit sharing model

Ecotourism Brochure promoting Eastern Plains and Dei Ey community home-stay and activities

Reports on the launch of the community home-stay in English and Khmer language national papers

Charts from MOMs ranger stations – Information flow diagram and mind mapping

Community hospitality tourism training report

Images - community extension work, community tourism training and ranger training

Further images of the camera trap pictures can be accessed here

http://picasaweb.google.com/wwfcambodia/MayJun09WildlifeCameraTrapMonitoringInTheEast ernPlains?authkey=Gv1sRgCKfPhernz5TCAQ&feat=email#5365927228560219890

Media coverage of the return of the Siamese crocodile -p.10

Journal article covering case study carried out in project region by project partners

# Our Vision:

"Keeping Cambodia's wilderness intact and connected, helping people protect their wildlife while sustaining livelihoods"



Weaving

Revenues from the tours will contribute to the protection of this wilderness area and support the livelihoods of the community through a community fund.



Sustainable honey collection

#### aura Martelli

#### **Guidelines**:

- Follow the instructions from the guides
- Do not litter
- Do not light fires
- Do not disturb, harm or hunt animals
- Do not take products out of the forest without asking the guide
- Do not eat wildlife meat
- Respect local culture and traditions
- Ask before taking photographs
- Dress properly before visiting a village

# How to get there?

The Eastern Plains Landscape is locate in the North East of Cambodia in Mondulkiri Province and accessible from the town of Sen Monorom. To get there, in the wet season: take a pick up or taxi to Mondulkiri, leaving from the taxi station near Dom Dek pagoda (Wat Dom Dek) behind the calmette hospital. In the dry season it is also possible to take the bus, leaving from street 118, behind the 3 tv channel.

Contact address for booking CCBEN: (+855) 023 355 272 Email: info@ccben.org

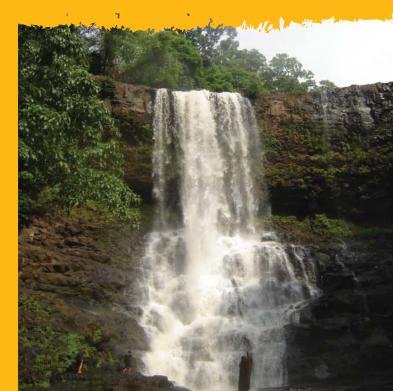
For information about the project: WWF-Cambodia Country Programme Website: www.panda.org/who\_we\_are/wwf\_offices/cambodia/







# **ECOTOURISM** IN THE EASTERN PLAINS LANDSCAPE



# Our project:

Started in 2005, The Eastern Plains Landscape (EPL) project, located in north eastern Cambodia, covers 2 protected areas: Mondulkiri Protected Forest (MPF) and Phnom Prich Wildlife Sanctuary (PPWS). Both protected areas are part of the world's 200 most biologically important eco-regions. Spread over an area of almost 800.000 ha, the EPL contains one of the largest continuous stretch of dry- and semi evergreen forest in Southeast Asia; a mosaic pattern of natural habitats, including several small ponds and wetlands. This unique landscape supports a large population of endangered wildlife species, such as tiger, wild elephant, Banteng and Siamese crocodile. Several perennial rivers, containing large variety of fish, traverse the landscape attracting large numbers of threatened bird species and providing an important source of livelihood for the communities.



Wildlife

The landscape also hosts several indigenous groups, of which the Phnong is the largest. Most of these indigenous people remain dependent upon the natural resources for their livelihoods, therefore many of them are now enrolled in the ecotourism programme to provide an additional income and lower their dependence on the natural resources.

# **Explore the forest**

Mountain bike trip (3 days, possibility to extend to 6 days) Passing Phnong villages, enjoying magnificent views over the valley and discover the variety of vegetation in the forest. You might even see tracks of animals or spot wildlife at one of the waterholes. After the ride jump in the river for a good swim while you watch the village life pass by. At night the older people in the village can sing for you one of their traditional songs.

Extension of this trip goes to the core of the Mondulkiri protected forest towards the Srepok River. This trip will be organised via a tour operator in Phnom Penh or can be done separate when bringing you own mountain bike.



#### Trekking (1 or 2 days)

Experience the forest by foot while a local guide explains about the flora and fauna. At night you camp along the river. An elephant assists in carrying your luggage and supplies





#### Wilderness and river life (3 days)

Explore the last remaining wilderness area in Cambodia and learn from rangers about patrolling and protecting the area, feel the thrill of spotting wildlife during a night drive. Take a boat ride to a village and experience the life of the people along the river. Go fishing and assist on working at the rice fields or join a workshop on handicraft making.



## **Discover The village**

#### Livelihoods (1 or 2 days)

Discover the daily lives of the Phnong people see how they collect the honey or resin, learn how to make baskets, and participate in the wild traditional dancing while sipping from some home brewed jar wine.



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# ECO-TOURISM INITIATIVE LAUNCHED IN MONDULKIRI PROVINCE

#### **BY SOY SOPHEA**

ambodian government and NGO officials have launched a forest-based tourism homestay program in Cambodia's northern Mondulkiri province to promote wildlife ecotourism in the dry forests. The aim is to co-finance the protected area and help communities protect their wildlife while developing sustainable livelihoods.

The inauguration of the community homestay within the Mondulkiri Protected Forest was celebrated and attended by approximately 100 people from government agencies, local communities, the private sector and the WWF, according to a press statement from the WWF.

In his speech at the inauguration on November 19, Svay Sam Eang, Deputy Governor of Mondulkiri province, said that ecotourism helps the community members to generate additional income and hopefully reduce the community's dependence on forest-based livelihoods.

"The establishment of this community homestay project increases the understanding of local communities about the importance of ecotourism to their environment and livelihoods and therefore promotes their participation in natural resource protection," he added.

In the long term, the future of Cambodia's protected areas depends on their ability to be financially selfsustaining. Funds are needed for the management of the habitats of plant and animal species, as well as for ensuring the well-being of the communities living around the protected areas. In 2007, the Forestry Administration, provincial government and WWF embarked on a strategy to develop ecotourism projects to serve as a financial mechanism to support onsite management of protected areas and provide incentives for landscape level conservation.

Seng Teak, Country Director of WWF Cambodia, said population growth puts an increased pressure on the natural resources in and around the protected areas; these natural resources support the livelihoods of local people and are also vital in maintaining the integrity of protected areas.

"The community-based ecotourism is trusted as a strategy to provide incentives for local communities to support conservation, and therefore help reduce pressure on natural resources," he said.

The community homestay is a pilot project involving 13 commu-

nity members from Dei Ey of Chong Phang village and serves as a start to establish an ecotourism network within the country's eastern plains dry forests landscape. This project will provide accommodation, traditional food and a diversity of entertaining activities, including forest and elephant trekking, animal observation from hides, mountain biking and gaining insight into local culture and traditions in nearby villages.

"While this is a WWF-supported project, it is very important, for the long-term aim, to promote community ownership of the development and management of ecotourism," said Craig Bruce, WWF's Eastern Plains Landscape Project Manager.

The WWF ecotourism team is now training the community ecotourism group in tourism planning skills and assisting them in developing a business plan that respects the principle of environmentally-friendly tourism.

The results of a provincial stakeholder workshop and a feasibility study on ecotourism in 2007 have led to the selection of three target villages in and around the Mondulkiri Protected Forest, namely Koh Myil Leu, Krangteh and Dei Ey area of Chong Phang for developing ecotourism activities. The WWF ecotourism project in collaboration with the Cambodia Community-Based Ecotourism Network and the Royal University of Phnom Penh provided the ecotourism group with training in guiding, hospitality, cooking and hygiene.

The Mondulkiri Protected Forest has a high potential for wildlife ecotourism because of its natural beauty and diversity in types of forest, such as dry forest, bamboo, evergreen and semi-evergreen forest, and for its significant endangered wild animals such as canteng, gaur, Eld's deer, wild elephant, wild water buffalo, Siamese crocodile, primates and a large diversity of bird species.

The WWF's Eastern Pains Landscape Project works with the Cambodian government on protecting Cambodia's dry forests and the globally significant wildlife it harbors. The project focuses on two conservation areas, Mondulkiri Protected Forest and Phnom Prich Wildlife Sanctuary, covering a total area of approximately 6,000 square kilometers. The project's goal is to keep the last wilderness of Cambodia intact and connected, helping people protect their wildlife while sustaining their livelihoods. (SEAW)

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សំរាប់ពេលខាងមុខ ជោតវាសនានៃការ

ប្រមាណ១០០នាក់ រួមមានអាជ្ញាធរនៃរដ្ឋាភិ គ្រប់គ្រងតំបន់ការពារនៅក្នុងប្រទេសកម្ពុជា គំរោងសាកល្បង ដែលមានការចូលរួមពី បាល សហគមន៍មូលដ្ឋាន ក្រុមហ៊ុនឯកជននិង ពីងផ្អែកលើលទ្ធភាពក្នុងការផ្គត់ផ្គង់ថវិកា ប្រជាជនសហគមន៍ចំនួន១៣នាក់មកពីតំបន់ អង្គការ wwF ពិធីសម្ពោធដាក់ឱ្យដំណើរការ ដោយខ្លួនឯង ។ គេត្រូវការចាំបាច់នូវមូល ដេអេនៃភូមិចុងផាង ហើយគំរោងនេះជា នៃផ្ទះលំហៃទេសចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិដែលមានទី និធិសំរាប់ការងារគ្រប់គ្រងតំបន់ទីជំរកនៃ ចំណុចចាប់ផ្តើមក្នុងការបង្កើតជាគំរោងទេស តាំងនៅក្នុងតំបន់នៃព្រៃការពារមណ្ឌលគិរី នា សត្វ និងរុក្ខជាតិ ក៏ដូចជាដើម្បីធានានូវ ចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិដទៃទៀតនៅក្នុងតំបន់ទេស ថ្ងៃនេះ ត្រូវបានប្រារព្ធធ្វើឡើងដើម្បីលើក សុខុមាលភាពរបស់សហគមន៍ដែលរស់នៅ ភាពព្រៃល្បោះភាគខាងកើតទាំងមូលនៃ ស្ទួយវិស័យទេសចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិ មើលសត្វព្រៃ ជុំវិញតំបន់ការពារ ។ ក្នុងឆ្នាំ២០០៧ រដ្ឋបាល ប្រទេសកម្ពុជា ។ គំរោងនេះនឹងផ្តល់ជាសេវា ក្នុងតំបន់ព្រៃល្បោះភាគឦសាននៃប្រទេស ព្រៃឈើ អាជ្ញាធរថ្នាក់ខេត្ត និងអង្គការ កម្មស្នាក់នៅ អាហារដ្ឋាន ជាមួយម្ហូបបែប កម្ពុជា។ គោលបំណងគឺធ្វើឱ្យវិស័យនេះក្លាយ wwF បានចាប់ផ្តើមអនុវត្តយុទ្ធសាស្ត្រមួយ ប្រពៃណី និងសកម្មភាពកំសាន្តជាច្រើនផ្សេង ជាប្រភពហិរញ្ញវត្ថមួយសំរាប់ផ្គត់ផ្គង់ការងារ ដើម្បីបង្កើតជាគំរោងទេសចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិ ទៀត មានដូចជា ការដើរ និងជិះដ៏រឺមើល ព្រៃ គ្រប់គ្រងតំបន់ការពារ និងជួយសហគមន៍ ដែលដើរតូជាយន្តការហិរញ្ហវត្ថមួយក្នុងការ ការតាមដានមើលសត្វព្រៃ ការជិះកង់ កំសាន្ត ការពារសត្វព្រៃ ព្រមទាំងអភិវឌ្ឍការចិញ្ចឹម គាំទ្រដល់ការងារគ្រប់គ្រងតំបន់ការពារ និង និងការស្វែងយល់អំពីវប្បធម៌ និងប្រពៃណី ផ្តល់ការលើកទឹកចិត្តសំរាប់ការអភិរក្សតំបន់ របស់ប្រជាជនភាគតិចមូលដ្ឋាន ។

តិ៍រី មានប្រសាសន៍ថា ទេសចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិ ទ្យេក ប្រធានអង្គការ wwF កម្ពុជា ការកើន wwF ថ្លែងថា "ថ្វីបើនេះជាគំរោងមួយដែល ជួយប្រជាជនក្នុងសហគមន៍ក្នុងការរកប្រាក់ ឡើងនៃចំនួនប្រជាជនដាក់សម្ពាធបន្ថែមទៅេ អង្គការ WWF ពាំទ្រ និងឧបត្ថម្ភ គេចាំបាច់ លីធនធានធម្មជាតិដែលនៅជាប់ និងនៅក្នុង ត្រូវលើកតម្កើងភាពជាម្ចាស់របស់សហគមន៍ តំបន់ការពារ ហើយធនធានធម្មជាតិទាំង នេះ លីការអភិវឌ្ឍន៍ ពឹងផ្អែកលើធនធានព្រៃឈើ ។ លោកមាន ជួយគាំទ្រដល់ការចិញ្ចឹមជីវិតរបស់ប្រជា ទេសចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិ" ។ បច្ចុប្បន្ន ក្រុម ប្រសាសន៍បន្ថែមទេវ៉ូតថា "ការបង្កើតនូវ ជនមូលដ្ឋាន និងដើរតូនាទីក្នុងការថែរក្សា ការងារគំរោងទេសចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិនៃអង្គការ គំរោងផ្ទះលំហៃទេសចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិនេះឡើង បូរណភាពនៃតំបន់ការពារ ។ លោកសេង wwF កំពុងធ្វើការបណ្តុះបណ្តាលក្រុមទេស បានជួយបង្កើនការយល់ដឹងរបស់សហគមន៍ ទៀក ថ្លែងថា "ទេសចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិដោយ ចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិសហគមន៍ឱ្យទទួលបាននូវ មូលដ្ឋានអំពីសារប្រយោជន៍នៃវិស័យទេស មានការចូលរួមពីសហគមន៍ ត្រូវបានគេជឿ ជំនាញផ្នែករេវ្យបចំផែនការទេសចរណ៍ និង ចរណ៍ធម្មជាតិចំពោះបរិស្ថាន ក៏ដូចជាការ ជាក់ថា ជាយុទ្ធសាស្ត្រមួយដែលផ្តល់នូវការ កំពុងជួយពួកគេក្នុងការធ្វើផែនការអាជីវកម្ម ចិញ្ចិមជីវិតរបស់ពួកគាត់ ហើយថែមទាំង លើកទឹកចិត្តដល់សហគមន៍មូលដ្ឋានក្នុងការ មួយ ដែលគោរពទៅតាមគោលការណ៍ទេស ជយលើកទឹកចិត្តឱ្យពួកគាត់ចូលរួមក្នុងការ គាំទ្រការអភិរក្ស ហើយជួយកាត់បន្ថយ ចរណ៍បរិស្ថាន ៕

ស្រុកពេរថ្លរជា ខេត្តមណ្ដលគឺរំ ថ្ងៃន៍ ការពារធនធានធម្មជាតិផងដែរ" ។ ១៩ ទិច្ឆិភា : ក្រោមវត្តមានអ្នកចូលរួម ជីវិតរបស់ពកគេប្រកបដោយនិរន្តរភាព ។

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ពេលថ្លែងសុនរកថានៅក្នុងពិធីសម្ពោធ ទេសភាព ។ លោកស្មាយ សំអ៊ាង អភិបាលរងខេត្តមណ្ឌល ចំណូលបន្ថែម ហើយនឹងអាចជួយកាត់បន្ថយ ការប្រកបរបរចិញ្ចឹមជីវិតរបស់ពួកគាត់ដែល

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#### Images from Community Extension Work of WWF staff using the Environmental Awareness Flipchart







## Images from community tourism initiative

#### Folding napkins



#### Hospitality poster



#### Traditional weaving



Guiding training for tourism walks



Creating and preparing dishes



#### Ranger training

